

Environmental Constraints and the Dispersal of the Modern Human in Eurasia between 45,000 and 20,000 years ago.

27th-28th November 2017

Museo-Storico-Archaeologico (MUSA) dell'Università del Salento, Lecce. http://conference.unisalento.it/ocs/index.php/edmon/edmon2017

registration at:

Monday 27.11.2017

Welcome

- 9.30 Vincenzo Zara University of Salento – Italy Dean of the University
- 9.35 Gianluca Tagliamonte University of Salento - Italy Head of the Department of Cultural Heritage.
- 9.40 Mario Lombardo University of Salento - Italy Director of the MUSA

Opening Remarks

Maria Piccarreta Soprintendenza archeologica, belle arti e paesaggio per le province BR, LE, TA – Italy

SESSION 1: The role of migration in the Prehistory of Eurasia

Italo Muntoni – Soprintendenza archeologia, belle arti e paesaggio BAT e Foggia - Italy Chairman

- 10.00 **Stefano Benazzi -** *University of Bologna - Italy* The earliest migration of *Homo sapiens* in southern Europe: understanding the biocultural processes that define our uniqueness.
- Enza Spinapolice University of Rome 'La Sapienza-Italy 10.30 The site of Uluzzo C and its place in the peopling of Southern Europe from Homo sapiens: new data and perspectives.

11.00 COFFEE BREAK

- Marco Peresani University of Ferrara Italy Our flat, marshy land: a reappraisal of the human's presence in the northadriatic plain during the Upper Palaeolithic.
- 12.00 Ofer Marder - University of the Negev - Israel The Levantine Aurignacian: A view from Manot Cave, Western Galilee, Israel.
- 12.30 Elisabetta Boaretto - Weizmann Institute of Science -Charcoal and Bones at the MP/UP transition: material characterization and chemical pre-treatment for timing cultural changes.
- 13.00 Omry Barzilai Israel Antiquities Authority – Israel Discussant

13.30 LUNCH BREAK

SESSION 2: Methods to investigate technological and environmental changes during the Paleolithic

Giuseppe de Benedetto University of Salento - Italy Chairman

- **Yotam Asscher** *Israel Antiquities Authority Israel* 15.00 Pigments in the Upper Paleolithic: contexts, method of characterization, and developments in mapping techniques on-site.
- Mira Bar Matthews Geological Service of Israel Environment and Migration: Homo Sapiens in the Levantine Corridor between 60,000 and 20,000 years ago - The Paleoclimate Perspective.
- Fabrizio Antonioli ENEA Italy 16.00 The colonization of Sardinia and Sicily by anatomically modern humans and by not swimming terrestrial mammals: new data for answering old questions.

Tuesday 28.11.2017

SESSION 3: The paleoecology and paleoeconomy of the human migration during the Upper Paleolithic

> Girolamo Fiorentino University of Salento - Italy Chairman

- Donatella Magri University of Rome 'La Sapienza'- Italy Vegetational landscapes in Italy between 45,000 and 25,000 years ago.
- 10.00 Rosa Maria Albert ICREA Spain Microarchaeology at the Early Upper Paleolithic site of Mughr el Hamamah (Jordan). Results from phytoliths, spherulites, ash pseudomorphs and FTIR analysis.
- 10.30 Valentina Caracuta University of Salento Italy The Levantine Corridor during the Late Middle and Upper Paleolithic - a paleoecological perspective.

11.00 COFFEE BREAK

- Francesco Boschin University of Siena Italy The palaeoecological meaning of macromammal remains from archaeological sites: some remarks from the Upper Palaeolithic of Southern Italy.
- Reuven Yeshurun University of Haifa Israel Anatomical Modern Human adaptation's and Early Upper Palaeolithic zooarchaeology in the Levant.
- Mina Weinsten-Evron University of Haifa Israel Discussant







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